

EXAMPLE PAPER FOR AISM SPECIAL ISSUE ON FRONTIER OF TIME SERIES MODELING

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(Received April 14, 2000)

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Key words and phrases: Key words or phrases, no more than 10, should be supplied.

1. Introduction

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2. Equations, Definition, Lemma and Theorem

2.1 *Example of Equations*

Consider a nonlinear non-Gaussian state space model for time series y_n ,

$$(2.1) \quad x_n = F_n(x_{n-1}, v_n)$$

$$(2.2) \quad y_n = H_n(x_n, w_n),$$

where x_n is an unknown state vector, v_n and w_n are the system noise and the observation noise with densities $q_n(v)$ and $r_n(w)$, respectively.

2.2 *Examples of Definition and Remark*

DEFINITION 2.1. A population π_i is considered as the best σ -qualified, if it simultaneously satisfies the following conditions:

- (i) $\pi_i \in S$,
- (ii) $\theta_i \geq \theta_0$ and
- (iii) $\theta_i = \max_{\pi_j \in S} \theta_j$.

Remark 1. You can write remark here.

2.3 Examples of Lemma and Theorem

LEMMA 2.3. 1 . *Let S_n be a random variable having a $\chi^2(n)$ distribution. Then we have \dots .*

PROOF. Proof is not shown here.

THEOREM 2.3. 1 . *Assume $\sigma_i^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$, for all $i = 1, \dots, k$. The empirical Bayes selection rule $d^{*n}(x)$, defined in (3.7) and (3.8), is asymptotically optimal with convergence rate of order $O(\ln^2 n/n)$. That is*

$$E_n[r(d^{*n})] - r(d^B) = O(\ln^2 n/n).$$

PROOF. Proof is not shown here.

3. Table and Figure

3.1 Table

Table 1. Table caption should be given here.

Order	AIC
1	35.4
2	21.6
3	13.4
4	11.6
5	12.2
6	13.8

3.2 Figure

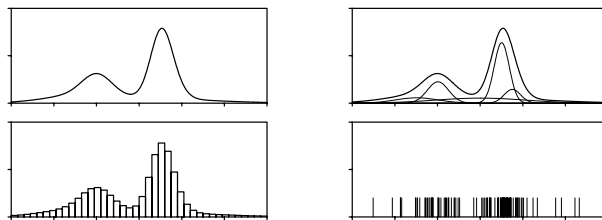


Fig. 1. Figure caption should be given here.

Fig. 2. Figure caption should be given here.

4. Conclusion

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full title, source, volume number, and inclusive page numbers according to the following style:

Journal; Anscombe, F.J.(1967). Topics in the investigation of linear relations fitted by least squares, *J. Roy. Statist. Soc. Ser. B*,29,1-5.

Book; Feller, W.(1966). An Introduction to Probability Theory and Its Applications, Vol.2, Wiley, New York.

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Andre Netto, M. L. Gimeno, L. and Mendes, M. J. (1978). On the optimal and suboptimal nonlinear filtering problem for discrete-time systems, *IEEE Trans. Automat. Control*, **23**, 1062-1067.

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