

A high-dimensional M-estimator framework for bi-level variable selection

Bin Luo¹ · Xiaoli Gao²

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Abstract

In high-dimensional data analysis, bi-level sparsity is often assumed when covariates function group-wisely and sparsity can appear either at the group level or within certain groups. In such cases, an ideal model should be able to encourage the bilevel variable selection consistently. Bi-level variable selection has become even more challenging when data have heavy-tailed distribution or outliers exist in random errors and covariates. In this paper, we study a framework of high-dimensional M-estimation for bi-level variable selection. This framework encourages bi-level sparsity through a computationally efficient two-stage procedure. In theory, we provide sufficient conditions under which our two-stage penalized M-estimator possesses simultaneous local estimation consistency and the bi-level variable selection consistency if certain non-convex penalty functions are used at the group level. Both our simulation studies and real data analysis demonstrate satisfactory finite sample performance of the proposed estimators under different irregular settings.

Keywords Bi-level variable selection \cdot Estimation consistency \cdot High dimensionality \cdot M-estimation \cdot Non-convexity

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Bin Luo bin.luo2@duke.edu

¹ Department of Biostatistics and Bioinformatics, Duke University, 2424 Erwin Road, Durham, NC 27705, United States

² Department of Mathematics and Statistics, The University of North Carolina at Greensboro, 116 Petty Building, Greensboro, NC 27402, United States