

Statistical inference based on bridge divergences

Arun Kumar Kuchibhotla¹ \cdot Somabha Mukherjee¹ \cdot Ayanendranath Basu²

Received: 27 June 2017 / Revised: 3 February 2018 / Published online: 17 May 2018 © The Institute of Statistical Mathematics, Tokyo 2018

Abstract *M*-estimators offer simple robust alternatives to the maximum likelihood estimator. The density power divergence (DPD) and the logarithmic density power divergence (LDPD) measures provide two classes of robust *M*-estimators which contain the MLE as a special case. In each of these families, the robustness of the estimator is achieved through a density power down-weighting of outlying observations. Even though the families have proved to be useful in robust inference, the relation and hierarchy between these two families are yet to be fully established. In this paper, we present a generalized family of divergences that provides a smooth bridge between DPD and LDPD measures. This family helps to clarify and settle several longstanding issues in the relation between the important families of DPD and LDPD, apart from being an important tool in different areas of statistical inference in its own right.

Keywords Divergence · Robustness · M-estimators

Electronic supplementary material The online version of this article (https://doi.org/10.1007/s10463-018-0665-x) contains supplementary material, which is available to authorized users.

Ayanendranath Basu ayanbasu@isical.ac.in

Arun Kumar Kuchibhotla arunku@wharton.upenn.edu

Somabha Mukherjee somabha@wharton.upenn.edu

¹ University of Pennsylvania, 3730 Walnut St, Philadelphia, PA 19104, USA

² Indian Statistical Institute, 203, Barrackpore Trunk Road, Kolkata, West Bengal 700108, India