

Testing for a δ -neighborhood of a generalized Pareto copula

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Abstract A multivariate distribution function *F* is in the max-domain of attraction of an extreme value distribution if and only if this is true for the copula corresponding to *F* and its univariate margins. Aulbach et al. (*Bernoulli* 18(2), 455–475, 2012. https:// doi.org/10.3150/10-BEJ343) have shown that a copula satisfies the extreme value condition if and only if the copula is tail equivalent to a generalized Pareto copula (GPC). In this paper, we propose a χ^2 -goodness-of-fit test in arbitrary dimension for testing whether a copula is in a certain neighborhood of a GPC. The test can be applied to stochastic processes as well to check whether the corresponding copula process is close to a generalized Pareto process. Since the *p* value of the proposed test is highly sensitive to a proper selection of a certain threshold, we also present graphical tools that make the decision, whether or not to reject the hypothesis, more comfortable.

Keywords Multivariate max-domain of attraction \cdot Multivariate extreme value distribution \cdot Copula \cdot *D*-norm \cdot Generalized Pareto copula $\cdot \chi^2$ -goodness-of-fit test \cdot Max-stable processes \cdot Functional max-domain of attraction

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