

Goodness of fit for log-linear network models: dynamic Markov bases using hypergraphs

Elizabeth ${\rm Gross}^1$ \cdot Sonja Petrović^2 \cdot Despina ${\rm Stasi}^2$

Received: 27 January 2015 / Revised: 4 February 2016 / Published online: 5 April 2016 © The Institute of Statistical Mathematics, Tokyo 2016

Abstract Social networks and other sparse data sets pose significant challenges for statistical inference, since many standard statistical methods for testing model/data fit are not applicable in such settings. Algebraic statistics offers a theoretically justified approach to goodness-of-fit testing that relies on the theory of Markov bases. Most current practices require the computation of the entire basis, which is infeasible in many practical settings. We present a dynamic approach to explore the fiber of a model, which bypasses this issue, and is based on the combinatorics of hypergraphs arising from the toric algebra structure of log-linear models. We demonstrate the

S. Petrović and D. Stasi acknowledge partial support from Grants #FA9550-12-1-0392 and

Sonja Petrović Sonja.Petrovic@iit.edu

> Elizabeth Gross elizabeth.gross@sjsu.edu

Despina Stasi despina.stasi@gmail.com

² Department of Applied Mathematics, Illinois Institute of Technology, Rettaliata Engineering Center room 208, 10 West 32nd Street, Chicago, IL 60616, USA

E. Gross is supported by the NSF Postdoctoral Research Fellowship, NSF award #DMS-1304167.

[#]FA9550-14-1-0141 from the U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) and the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA). Some of the computations were performed on a cluster provided by an NSF-SCREMS Grant to IIT. Part of this work was completed while D. Stasi was a postdoc at Pennsylvania State University Statistics Department.

Electronic supplementary material The online version of this article (doi:10.1007/s10463-016-0560-2) contains supplementary material, which is available to authorized users.

¹ Department of Mathematics and Statistics, San José State University, One Washington Square, San Jose, CA 95192, USA

approach on the Holland–Leinhardt p_1 model for random directed graphs that allows for reciprocation effects.

Keywords Algebraic statistics \cdot Markov basis \cdot Hypergraph \cdot Toric ideal \cdot Contingency table \cdot Network model \cdot Random graph \cdot Sampling algorithm